Name:

Directions: Decide whether the each number is equivalent to:



 $\frac{2}{5}$

Circle yes or no:	Explain your thinking
A)	
2.5	
Yes No	
B)	
25%	
Yes No	
C)	
0.4	
Yes No	
D)	
0.25	
Yes No	

FILE: DPEquivalentTwoFifths

Adapted from Rose Tobey & Minton (2010). Uncovering Students Thinking. Corwin Press.

Directions: Decide whether the each number is equivalent to:

$\frac{2}{5}$		
Circle true or false:	S Explain your thinking	
E)		
40%	I I	
Yes No		
	I	
	I	
F)	1	
2.5%	I I	
Yes No		
	I	
G)		
0.04		
Yes No	l i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	
	1	
Н)	I	
4%		
True False		
	- I	

FILE: DPEquivalentTwoFifths

Adapted from Rose Tobey & Minton (2010). Uncovering Students Thinking. Corwin Press.

Resource for Analysis of Probe #11: Number Equivalence

I. Understandings and Successful Approaches **Correct Answers:**

A.	No, 2.5 is not equivalent to $\frac{2}{5}$	E. Yes, 40% is equivalent to $\frac{2}{5}$
B.	No, 25% is not equivalent to $\frac{2}{5}$	F. No, 2.5% is not equivalent to $\frac{2}{5}$
C.	Yes, 0.4 is equivalent to $\frac{2}{5}$	G. No, 0.04 is not equivalent to $\frac{2}{5}$
D.	No, 0.25 is not equivalent to $\frac{2}{5}$	H. No, 4% is not equivalent to $\frac{2}{5}$

Students who choose these correct answers and have explanations that support their choices are applying one or more successful understandings and strategies including:

- Making the connection between a fraction and it's decimal and percent equivalents •
- Understanding of how to translate fractions into decimals and percents
- Ability to justify the equivalence by using multiple ways, including use of visual models and reasoning about the size of a fraction as a base ten decimal or as a percent.

II. Potential Common Misunderstandings/Misconceptions to Look For

A mixture of correct and incorrect choices may reveal a variety of misunderstandings related to finding the decimal and percent equivalents.

1. "Incorrect Direct Substitution" Misconception

Answer Patterns Vary

Students with this misconception directly substitute the fraction bar (vinculum) with a • decimal point or % symbol using the same numbers.



les

The 5 is 100% and the 2 would stand for 25%.

and the % sign with the fraction bar.

2. Other Difficulties: Students may use a variety of other incorrect approaches, including:

• Associating equivalence with having factors or multiples. For example, students may test for equivalence by seeing if a value can be divided evenly by both factors, 2 and 5.

Example 4: The student associates equivalence with factors The answer of "yes" is correct but the student's explanation does not provide evidence of understanding why 40% is equivalent to 2/5.

E) Because 2 and 5 go into it evenly. 40% No